

Questions on I John

Chapter I

1. What was from the beginning?
2. Beginning of what?
3. Where did John speak of this before?
4. Who are the "we" that have heard?
5. State how they could see and handle this.
6. Was this handling literal?
7. What was manifested?
8. Who were required to see it?
9. For what benefit was this all done?
10. With whom was eternal life vested?
11. What was to be shown?
12. With what were they to have fellowship?
13. With whom did the apostles have fellowship?
14. For what purpose does John write these things?
15. What declaration was to be made?
16. State the central subject of the writing.
17. What kind of light is meant?
18. Does this principle dwell unmixed with God?
19. Who is the liar first described by the apostle?
20. This liar will not do what?
21. Of what does this darkness consist?
22. What is necessary for light to benefit us?
23. Give meaning of fellowship.
24. Why must we be in light to fellowship Him?
25. From how much sin will the blood cleanse us?
26. Is the blood literally applied?
27. On what condition will it be applied?
28. Where may we find this light?
29. What constitutes walking in it?
30. When are we self-deceived?
31. What is not in us then?
32. On what condition will God forgive us?
33. Why will he do so?
34. How completely will he cleanse us?
35. Through what ransom will he do this?

36. What would make God out a liar?
37. State what confession of sin would also require.
38. Who are meant by "we" in this passage?
39. Does this imply that disciples might sin?
40. To deny existence of sin makes us what?
41. Does this apply only when we are aliens?
42. Distinguish "have no sin" and "have not sinned."
43. Would saying either make one a liar?
44. If we make God a liar what is not in us?
45. Without that word what is our fate?
46. If God is true then what are those who differ?
47. What saying of Paul teaches this same thing?
48. Can two people be true if they contradict?
49. What being is always right?
50. Those who differ from him are always what?

Chapter 2

1. Who are the little children referred to?
2. What shows they cannot be infants?
3. To what end does John write to them?
4. Does this agree with previous chapter?
5. What words here show whether it does?
6. State the use of an advocate.
7. What qualified Jesus for this position?
8. Can you define the word propitiation?
9. How general may be the benefit of this?
10. Who is meant by "our" in verse two?
11. In what may we have knowledge of Him?
12. How is a liar defined in this place?
13. Not only a liar but what is not in him?
14. How does a man keep the word of God?
15. What identity will this prove?
16. State what will be perfected in such a man.
17. If in Him what does this imply we will do?
18. What special commandment does John now mention?
19. Why does he say it is not new and yet new?
20. What evil does he say has passed?
21. Give an indication here of being in darkness.
22. What will love of a brother prevent?
23. How may a man be blinded as to his brother?

24. Are all Christians of equal ability and growth?
25. What had been done for the little children?
26. Explain comparison, children, young, men, fathers.
27. How strong ones overcome the wicked one?
28. What should we not love?
29. If we do what is not in us?
30. Under what heads is all that is in the world?
31. Where was this first exhibited?
32. Name another noted occurrence of the same thing?
33. Of what source are all these things?
34. What is the destiny of this source?
35. How would you consider those who rely on this?
36. Who shall abide continually?
37. What time does the apostle say it is?
38. State what character has to come.
39. Define an antichrist.
40. From where did these characters come?
41. In what sense were they in such relation?
42. In what sense were they *not* in such relation?
43. What is the basis for the apostle's conclusion?
44. Explain unction with knowledge in verse 20.
45. How was this impartation given to the world?
46. What "all things" are meant here? See 2 Peter 1: 3.
47. State why John writes this epistle?
48. What two things are always from different source?
49. If a man denies divinity of Christ, what is he?
50. Must we acknowledge *both* Father and Son?
51. What about denying the virgin birth?
52. On what condition continue in Son and Father?
53. This will entitle us to what promise?
54. Against whom would John guard the disciples?
55. Explain the "anointing" in light of 20th verse.
56. What is the purpose of this anointing?
57. Where will it abide?
58. How independent will this make us of man?
59. State how complete is this knowledge?
60. Where should we abide?
61. This will give us what at his coming?
62. State mark of identity of those born of God,

Chapter 3

1. Of what would he have us take notice?
2. What fact shows the manner of love?
3. Was this favor restricted to Christians?
4. Why does the world not know sons of God?
5. Is our present form to be permanent?
6. Like whom are we to be?
7. Is he in that form now?
8. Does this prove Jesus changed his form?
9. What should this hope do for us?
10. How does all this affect idea of "future recognition"?
11. Why will hope in Christ benefit us?
12. Give one definition of sin as stated here.
13. Is it the only way one can sin?
14. Who is "he" in verse five?
15. What qualified him for his work?
16. State the condition that one "sinneth not."
17. What constitutes a righteous man?
18. Does verse 8 contradict 2: 1, 2?
19. Where did sin originate?
20. Who is it that is born of God?
21. By what seed is this begetting?
22. Are practice of sin, and sinning incidentally, the same?
23. Why does he say he cannot sin?
24. Explain "cannot" in light of Luke 11: 7; 14: 20.
25. Identify the children in verse ten.
26. What message is from the beginning?
27. State an opposite case in point.
28. What was the motive of Cain's action?
29. Is that the motive of persecutions today?
30. What is to be expected of the world?
31. State evidence of having passed into life.
32. Who abides in death?
33. What kind of death is this to be?
34. To whom is the hater compared?
35. What is the fate of all such?
36. How did Christ prove his love for us?
37. How may we do this? See Rom. 16: 4.
38. Also explain in light of verse 17 here.
39. What other writer dealt with this subject?

40. How far beyond words should our love go?
41. What will this give us before the Lord?
42. If our heart condemn us not, what about God?
43. How escape condemnation of our heart?
44. What will we receive if we do this?
45. What observance of ours accounts for this?
46. Whose pleasure will we be concerned about?
47. What belief and love are here connected?
48. If one is absent is the other absent?
49. On what condition may we dwell in Him?
50. What has been given us?
51. How may others than apostles have it?
52. This will bring whom into our lives?

Chapter 4

1. State the warning about spirits.
2. What is meant by trying them?
3. State who had gone out into the world?
4. By what rule are we to try the spirits?
5. How would this rule work today?
6. Is acknowledging Jesus as a good man sufficient?
7. Was his existence as a man ever denied by any one?
8. What did they deny concerning him?
9. Is denial of virgin birth today similar error?
10. Are those guilty considered not of God?
11. How old is such a doctrine?
12. Of whom are these children?
13. Who is antecedent of "them" verse four?
14. By what were they overcome?
15. Of what are these characters?
16. Is the same true of such today?
17. Why does the world hear them?
18. What class will hear the apostles?
19. Refusing to hear makes persons what?
20. What spirit is opposite to truth?
21. State most prominent idea in John's teaching.
22. From whom does he claim it originates?
23. What fact does he offer as proof?
24. For what purpose did God send his Son?
25. State the great reason we should love each other.

26. Must we see God to love him?
27. In what way will he dwell in us?
28. What confession does this call for?
29. Describe the mutual indwelling shown here.
30. What will this perfect love give us?
31. When will we need this possession most?
32. Like whom should we be while in this world?
33. Why should we be like him *now*? See 3: 1, 2.
34. Does verse 18 contradict 1 Peter 2: 17?
35. Give the two meanings of the word fear.
36. Which kind is banished by love?
37. Show why love will rid us of this fear.
38. Why do we love Him?
39. If so, what were we when he first loved us?
40. Why did he love us?
41. Does he love any besides his disciples now?
42. What charge does John repeat here?
43. Show reason for thinking such a one a liar.
44. Why are we expected to love One unseen?
45. By what kind of eyes may we see him?
46. How may these eyes become blinded? 2 Peter 1: 9.
47. Would such eyes help us love our brother?
48. Could they see excellencies invisible to others?
49. Could they also see invisible defects?
50. How often should our eyes be examined?

Chapter 5

1. Identify one produced by the new birth.
2. What is the seed of the new birth?
3. State the central fact of the Gospel.
4. What belief begets one of God?
5. What love will be extended to the one begotten?
6. Is brotherly love an important evidence?
7. What is evidence of this love?
8. Does a disobedient man love the brethren?
9. What is said of the commandments of God?
10. Define the word in light of Matt. 11: 30.
11. What birth will overcome the world?
12. State what gives us victory over the world.
13. What must be the source of this weapon?

14. Show how such belief will overcome the world.
15. By what did Jesus come into the world?
16. Where is the blood line recorded?
17. At what circumstance did water first figure?
18. Was the Spirit in evidence here?
19. What three bear witness on earth today?
20. Where does the Spirit speak?
21. At what institution do we see the blood?
22. And where is water in evidence?
23. How does this testify on behalf of Christ?
24. Do men sometimes act on human testimony?
25. Which is the greater kind of testimony?
26. How is the witness "in himself" as in verse ten?
27. Disbelief makes God out as what?
28. State the purpose of the whole system.
29. What requests will God hear from us?
30. How may we avoid making wrong requests?
31. Does this require "special providence"?
32. For what manner of sin should a brother pray?
33. Identify first "he" verse 16 by Jas. 5: 16.
34. To whom should he pray?
35. What "life" is here meant?
36. Is it consistent to pray for what we see lost?
37. Is not he lost who rejects Christ?
38. Will this prevent the lost from returning voluntarily?
39. May some unrighteousness be reclaimed?
40. Who is the "wicked one" in verse 18?
41. What man sinneth (or practiceth) not?
42. By what does such a one keep himself?
43. In what does the whole world lie?
44. Was this to improve or to get worse?
45. What does John say he knows?
46. How could he know this?
47. Must we know this in order to serve Christ?
48. By what do we walk?
49. How do we obtain this assistance?
50. State the closing admonition.